Annual Report and Financial Statements
Year ended

31 March 2019

Company Number 09225337

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

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Directors

Mrs Susan Faridi Ms Sureyya Kilic Mrs Kaajal Chotai Mr Gerard Jacques Mr Eldon Pethybridge Mr Robert Spain Ms Susan Tokley

appointed 15th January 2019 appointed 13th November 2018 resigned 12th March 2019 appointed 15th January 2019

Secretary and Registered office

Ms Catherine Wood Mr Gil Chimon resigned 5th February 2019 appointed 5th February 2019

Unit A 2-4 Broadlands Road Highgate London N6 4AN

Company number

Incorporated in the UK and registered in England Wales as company number 09225337

Auditors

Crowe U.K. LLP Carrick House Lypiatt Road Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 2QJ

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report together with the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

Incorporation

Hill Homes Care Limited was incorporated as a Private Company Limited by Shares on 18th September 2014. It has one subscriber, its founder, Hill Homes.

Results

The profit for the year after taxation was £5,243 (2018: loss £110,562). Hill Homes Care Limited's parent company, Hill Homes, is committed to supporting the provision of care & support to older people in their own homes and its Board Members have provided the Board of Hill Homes Care with a letter indicating their intention to continue to support the company during its start-up phase.

Full accounts of the ultimate parent, Hill Homes, can be obtained from Unit A, Trees, 2-4 Broadlands Road, Highgate, London, N6 4AN.

Principal activities

Hill Homes Care Limited is registered with the Care Quality Commission. It provides care & support to older people living in their own homes.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were as follows:

Mrs Susan Faridi Ms Sureyya Kilic Mrs Kaajal Chotai Mr Gerard Jacques Mr Eldon Pethybridge Mr Robert Spain Ms Susan Tokley

resigned 12th March 2019

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2019 *(continued)*

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each director has taken reasonable steps to ensure that so far as they are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware; and,
- they have taken all the steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of the information.

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

The auditors, Crowe U.K. LLP, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

In preparing the directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies' regime.

By order of the Board

Susan Faridi

Director

Date: 9th July 2019

Independent auditor's report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO MEMBERS OF HILL HOMES CARE LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hill Homes Care Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of Income, Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Directors, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Guy Biggin (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Crowe U.K. LLP, statutory auditor

Carrick House Lypiatt Road Cheltenham Gloucestershire

GL50 2QJ

United Kingdom,

m 2019 Date

Crowe U.K. LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC307043).

Statement of Income for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	2	927,451	749,062
Cost of sales		(817,626)	(762,134)
Gross profit		109,825	(13,072)
Administrative expenses		(104,582)	(97,490)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	5,243	(110,562)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		5,243	(110,562)
Taxation credit/(charge) on profit/(loss)	6	-	-
(Loss) and total comprehensive (loss) for the financial year		5,243	(110,562)

The results stated above are derived from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 March 2019

Company number 09225337	Note	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
Current assets Debtors					
- due within one year Cash at bank and in hand	7	69,729 79,113		69,585 12,979	
Creditors: amounts falling due		148,842		82,564	
within one year	8	(325,935)		(264,900)	
Net current assets			(177,093)		(182,336)
Total assets less current liabilities			(177,093)		(182,336)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9 10		1 (177,094)		1 (182,337)
Shareholder's funds			(177,093)		(182,336)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 9th July 2019,

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

They were signed on its behalf by:

Susan Faridi

Director

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities.

Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following items (refer to individual accounting policies for details).

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. No critical accounting estimates have been made in the year. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account when the company is legally entitled to the income and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy. This is the point at which the service is delivered.

Turnover for the year consists of, income from customers for the provision of care and support services and income from customers attending activities organised by Hill Homes Care Limited.

In addition, a restricted grant from Hill Homes, the parent company is included within turnover. This is recognised when expenditure meeting the conditions of the grant are met.

Taxation

Profits retained by the company are subject to Corporation Tax at the small profits rate.

Going concern

The directors identified uncertainty around the future finances of the company that cast doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. In light of this, they have reviewed operations and are in the process of implementing a plan to move to a break even position by 2019-20.

The parent company, Hill Homes, is committed to supporting the provision of care & support to older people in their own homes and its Board Members have provided the Board of Hill Homes Care Limited with a letter indicating their intention to continue to support the company for at least 12 months from the approval of the financial statements. As a result, the directors have adopted the going concern basis of accounting.

Debtors

Debtors with no stated interest rate and receivable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised as reduced income.

Prepayments

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. Expenses that relate to future financial years are recorded at transaction price as prepayments.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than its legal form.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 *(continued)*

The company's cash at bank and in hand and trade and other debtors and its trade and other creditors and bank overdrafts are measured at the transaction price, including transaction costs.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand.

Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement that has accrued at the balance sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the balance sheet date.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2019	2018
	This has been arrived at after charging:	£	£
	Auditor's remuneration - fees payable to company's auditor for audit of financial statements (net of VAT)	4,250	4,890
	 fees payable to company's auditor for preparation of corporation tax returns 	1,450	2,691

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

4	Employees The average number of employees, including directors, during the year				
	was:	2019	2018		
	Average number of employees	18	18		

5 Directors' remuneration

The directors received no remuneration for services to the company during the current or preceding year.

6 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

The company has carried forward losses for corporation tax, the result of which is that no corporation tax is payable for the current year. (2018: £Nil)

7	Debtors	2019 £	2018 £
	Amounts receivable within one year Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	60,994 8,735	19,849 49,736
		69,729	69,585
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors Due to parent charity Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	25,593 270,308 - 24,465 5,569	27,347 172,668 13,092 50,154 1,639
		325,935	264,900

There are no amounts included under creditors which are payable or repayable other than by instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period of five years beginning with the first day of the following reporting date.

There are no amounts included under creditors in respect of which any security has been given by the small entity.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2019 *(continued)*

9	Share capital	2019 £	2018 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid One ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
10	Reserves		Profit and loss account
	At 1 April 2018 Profit for the year		(182,337) 5,243
	At 31 March 2019		(177,094)

11 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS102 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by Hill Homes on the grounds that all of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in consolidated financial statements.

12 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is Hill Homes, sole subscriber to Hill Homes Care Limited. Hill Homes registered address is Unit A, 2-4 Broadlands Road, Highgate, London, N6 4AN.

